Homework Assignment # 2DUE: Thursday, February 6, at the **beginning** of class

The numbered exercises refer to the manuscript Mathematical Structures. Always justify all assertions.

- 1. Exercise 1.34 parts (c) and (d).
- 2. Exercise 1.35 part (b). Just use truth tables (no need for the Venn diagrams)
- 3. Prove or disprove:
 - (a) $3\mathbb{Z} \subseteq 2\mathbb{Z}$.
 - (b) $4\mathbb{Z} \subseteq 2\mathbb{Z}$.
 - (c) $2\mathbb{Z} \subseteq 4\mathbb{Z}$.
- 4. Determine the following sets, where subsets A, B, C of the universal set $\mathcal{U} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, 9, 10\}$ are given below:
 - $A = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}, B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}, \text{ and } C = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\},\$
 - (a) $A \cap C$
 - (b) $A \cap B \cap C$
 - (c) $A \cup (B \cap C)$
 - (d) $(A \cup B^c)^c$
- 5. Let A, B, and C represent arbitrary sets in the same universal set \mathcal{U} . Decide whether or not each statement is true. If false, give a specific counterexample. If true, explain in a sentence or a Venn diagram. (You need not give a formal proof.)
 - (a) $A \cap \emptyset = A \cup \emptyset$.
 - (b) $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cap C$.
 - (c) If $A \cup B = A \cup C$, then B = C.